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Sections 2.53, 3.14 and 4.03 of the Export Control (Animals) Order 2004

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				-
Name and Address of Exporter		Name and Address of Importer		
AUSTRALIA			NEW ZEALAND	
			Import Permit Nº	
<b>Description</b> of A	Animals			
Number	Kind (Species)	Class (Com breeder etc)	panion, competition,	Identification (microchip, eartags etc)
Total number of packages:	Marine and freshwater finfish	Ornamental		See attached packing list (genus and species) See Schedule 3 list for high risk finfish (if applicable)
<b>Description of</b> A	Animal Reproductive Mat	t <del>erial</del>		
<u>Number</u>	Kind (Species and type: eg bovine semen)	Condition (	<del>Fresh/Frozen)</del>	Identification (straw numbers, packing list)

The goods have complied with the requirement	ts set out in the following page/s.	<b>Official Stamp</b>
Name of Authorised Officer	Identity N <sup>o</sup>	
Signature of Authorised Officer	Date of Issue	
Signutate of Huthorised Officer		



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### Certificate of Health to Accompany Animals or Animal Reproductive Material

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# Zoosanitary requirements for Australian (imported) live ornamental finfish to be exported to New Zealand.

I, the undersigned Australian government veterinarian have no reason to doubt the attestation provided by the Australian government officer/s undertaking the health inspection and attestation of the live fish in pre-export isolation (PEI) in regards to the number, identity, details of housing, treatments and examination of these animals.

I, the undersigned Australian government veterinarian hereby certify; that the animals forming the present consignment meet the following conditions:

#### Eligibility

The consignment consists of species of ornamental fish eligible for importation under New Zealand's Ministry for Primary Industries (NZMPI) Import Health Standard (IHS) *Ornamental Fish and Marine Invertebrates*.

#### Approval of export system

(1) The ornamental fish were imported into an Australian Approved Arrangement (AA) site (approval number: \_\_\_\_\_\_) at the exporter's premises. After the minimum pre-export isolation (PEI) period was completed the fish were moved directly to a PEI biosecure area at the exporter's same premises where they were isolated from all other fish and marine invertebrates not of equivalent health status until exported to New Zealand. At no stage prior to export did the fish leave the exporter's premises.

#### Diagnostic testing, vaccination, and treatment

- (1) All required laboratory testing was conducted according to the requirements of NZMPI IHS *Ornamental Fish and Marine Invertebrates*, at a NATA approved laboratory authorised to conduct testing.
- (2) The test methods were pre-approved by NZMPI and are listed in the Approved Diagnostic Tests, Vaccines and Post Arrival Testing Laboratories for Animal Import Health Standards (MPI-STD-TVTL).
- (3) For schedule 3 fish that required testing, records of the original or electronic copies of the original laboratory reports were maintained by the exporter and made available for health certification.
- (4) All treatments undertaken to meet specified disease requirements were administered according to the instructions in NZMPI IHS *Ornamental Fish and Marine Invertebrates* and MPI-STD-TVTL. Records of the approved treatment, dose rate, the product name, manufacturer and active ingredient were maintained by the exporter and made available for health certification.

#### **Pre-export** isolation

- (5) On arrival in Australia, the ornamental fish for export to New Zealand were held in PEI for a minimum of:
  - (a) four weeks for freshwater fish
  - (b) three weeks for marine fish.
- (6) The fish were maintained for the minimum isolation period at an AA site within the exporter's premises supervised by the Competent Authority of Australia, in accordance with the NZMPI Standard Ornamental Fish and Marine Invertebrates clause 1.11.
- (7) After the fish completed the minimum isolation period in the AA site, the fish were moved directly to a PEI biosecure area at the exporter's same premises where the fish remained until export isolated from all other fish and marine invertebrates not of equivalent health status and in accordance with the NZMPI Standard *Ornamental Fish and Marine Invertebrates* clause 1.11 (a(iii), b-g).



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- (8) The ornamental fish were observed daily by PEI facility staff for signs of illness and abnormal behaviour during the PEI period and daily records were maintained and made available for certification.
- (9) The ornamental fish were inspected by an Australian government officer every 7 days during the PEI period.
- (10) Within 7 days of export, the ornamental fish were inspected by an Australian government officer and were clinically healthy and showed no clinical signs of disease.
- (11) During PEI, management procedures were used to ensure the ornamental fish in this consignment were isolated in a separate biosecure area from other ornamental fish and marine invertebrates not of an equivalent health status.

#### Fish listed in Schedule 3

(12) High risk species of ornamental fish species in this consignment that are listed in Schedule 3 of the NZMPI IHS *Ornamental Fish and Marine Invertebrates* have met the specified requirements for identified risk organisms.

Identified Risk Organism	Species to be imported requiring	Species to be imported requiring
	testing and/ or treatment during	attestation of absence of clinical
	PEI	signs and/or mortality rates
	(delete non-applicable species)	exceeding 10%
		(delete non-applicable species)
Aquabirnavirus (2.1)	Susceptible fish species listed below	Susceptible fish species listed below
	were batch tested with an MPI-	did not show clinical signs of
	approved test.	aquabirnaviruses and/or mortality
	Design prevalence: 2%	rates over 10% during PEI.
	Confidence level: 95%	
		Susceptible species:
	Approved test type:	Tanichthys albonubes
	Date of sampling:	
	Number sampled:	
	Result:	
	Susceptible species:	
	Carassius auratus	
Iridovirus (2.2)		Susceptible fish species listed below
		did not show clinical signs of
		iridoviruses and/or mortality rates
		over 10% during PEI.
		Susceptible species:
		Poecilia latipinna
		Poecilia reticulata
		Poecilia sphenops
		Poecilia velifera
		Xiphophorus hellerii
		Xiphophorus maculatus
		Apistogramma agassizii

#### Schedule for High Risk Ornamental Fish Species



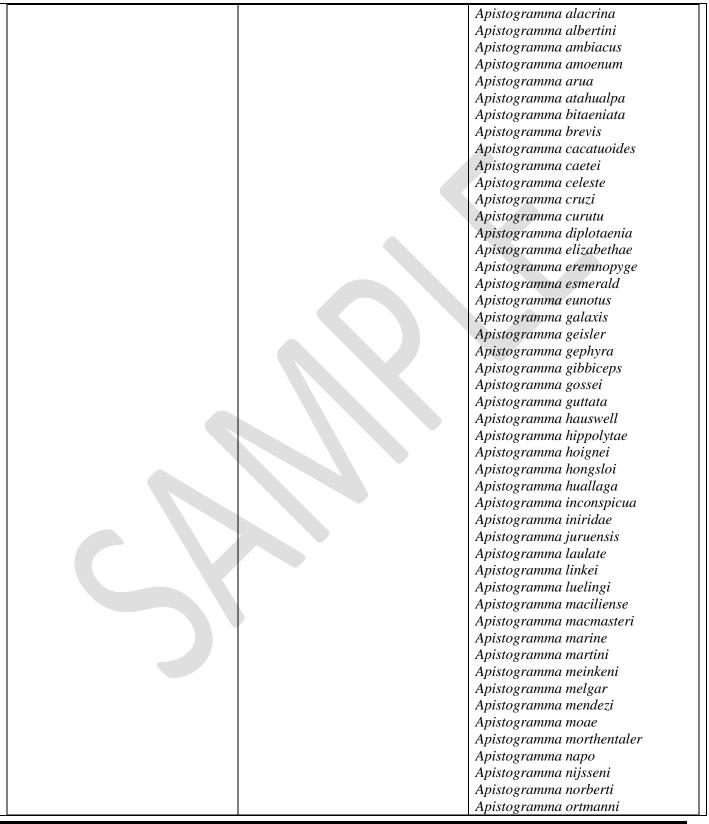
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Cyprinid herpesvirus-3 (koi herpesvirus) (2.4)       Susceptible fish species listed below had continuous separation since birth from all other carp species; and continuous separation since birth from all other carp species; and continuous separation since birth from all other carp species; and continuous separation since birth from all other carp species; and continuous separation since birth from all other carp species; and continuous separation since birth from all other carp species; and continuous separation since birth from all other carp species; and continuous separation since birth from all other carp species; and continuous separation since birth from all other carp species; and continuous separation since birth from all other carp species; and continuous separation since birth from all other carp species; and continuous separation since birth from all other carp species; and continuous separation since birth from all other carp species; and continuous separation since birth from all other carp species; and continuous separation since birth from all other carp species; and continuous separation since birth from all other carp species; and continuous separation since birth from all other carp species; and continuous separation since birth from all other carp species; and continuous separation since birth from all other carp species; and continuous separation since birth from all other carp species; and continuous separation since birth from all other carp species; and continuous separation since birth from all other carp species; and continuous separation since birth from all other carp species; and continuous separation since birth from all other carp species; and continuous separation since birth from all other carp species; and continuous separation since birth from all other carp species; and continuous separation since birth from all other carp species; and continuous separation since birth from all other carp species; and continuous separation since birth f	Cyprinid herpesvirus-3 (koi herpesvirus) (2.4)       Susceptible fish species listed below had continuous separation since birth from all other carp species; and originate from one the following countries: <ol> <li>Singapore</li> <li>Malaysia</li> <li>Tanka</li> </ol>
5. Indonesia	



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	-	
	Carassius auratus	
Spring viraemia of carp virus	Susceptible fish species listed below	
(2.5)	had continuous separation since	
	birth from all other carp species; and	
	originate from one the following	
	countries:	
	1. Sri Lanka	
	2. Singapore	
	3. Malaysia	
	4. Thailand	
	5. Indonesia	
	6. China	
	o. China	
	Susceptible species:	
	Carassius auratus	
Aeromonas salmonicida (2.8)	Susceptible fish species listed below	
Aeromonas saimoniciaa (2.8)	were batch tested with an MPI	
	approved test	
	Design grouples on 50/	
	Design prevalence: 5% Confidence level :95%	
	Confidence level .93%	
	Approved test type:	
	Date of sampling:	
	Number sampled:	
	Result:	
	Susceptible species:	
	Carassius auratus	
Aphanomyces invadans (2.9)		Susceptible fish species listed below
		did not show clinical signs of
		Aphanomyces invadans and/or
		mortality rates over 10% during PEI
		Susceptible species:
		Macropodus opercularis
		Colisa chuna
		Colisa lalia
		Trichogaster labiosus
		Trichogaster leerii
		Trichogaster microlepis
		Trichogaster trichopterus
		Toxotes jaculatrix
		5
		Labeo chrysophekadion
		5
		Labeo chrysophekadion
		Labeo chrysophekadion Puntius arulius



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		rage / 01 8
		Puntius everetti
		Puntius fasciatus
		Puntius filamentosus
		Puntius hexazona
		Puntius lateristriga
		Puntius lineatus
		Puntius nigrofasciatus
		Puntius oligolepis
		Puntius pentazona Puntius sachsii
		Puntius titteya
	<u> </u>	Carassius auratus
Hoferellus carassii (2.10)	Susceptible fish species listed below	
	were batch tested with an MPI	
	approved test.	
	Design prevalence: 2%	
	Confidence level :95%	
	Approved test type:	
	Date of sampling:	
	Number sampled:	
	Result:	
	Kesuit.	
	Susceptible species:	
	Susceptible species:	
	Carassius auratus	
Bothriocephalus acheilognathi	Susceptible fish species listed below	
(2.11)	have been treated for	
	Bothriocephalus acheilognathi with	
	an MPI approved treatment.	
	Approved treatment:	
	Date of treatment:	
	Susceptible species:	
	Poecilia latipinna	
	Poecilia reticulate	
	Xiphophorus hellerii	
	Xiphophorus maculatus	
	Carassius auratus	
Argulus foliaceus (2.12)	Susceptible fish species as listed	
Arguius jounceus (2.12)	A A	
	below have been treated for Argulus	
	<i>foliaceus</i> with an MPI approved	
	treatment.	
	Approved treatment:	
	Date of treatment:	



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	Susceptible species:	
	Carassius auratus	
	testing and treatment for importation from A	
Invertebrates (ORNAMARI.ALL).	an be found in the Import Health Standard Fo	or Ornameniai Fish ana Marine
Harmonised system (HS) code(s): 0301		
CITES:		
SER:		
		Official Stamp
Name of Authorised Officer	Identity N <sup>o</sup>	
Signature of Authorised Officer	Date of Issue	